

1 **SECTION 1. CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET**
2 **FOR FISCAL YEAR 2004.**

3 (a) DECLARATION.—The Congress declares that the
4 concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2004
5 is hereby established and that the appropriate budgetary
6 levels for fiscal years 2003 and 2005 through 2013 are
7 hereby set forth.

8 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
9 this concurrent resolution is as follows:

Sec. 1. Concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2004.

TITLE I—RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

Sec. 101. Recommended levels and amounts.

Sec. 102. Social security.

Sec. 103. Major functional categories.

TITLE II—RECONCILIATION

Sec. 201. Reconciliation for economic growth and tax simplification and fair-
ness.

Sec. 202. Limit on Senate consideration of reconciliation.

**TITLE III—SUBMISSIONS TO ELIMINATE WASTE, FRAUD, AND
ABUSE**

Sec. 301. Submissions of findings providing for the elimination of waste, fraud,
and abuse in mandatory programs.

TITLE IV—RESERVE FUNDS AND CONTINGENCY PROCEDURE

Subtitle A—Reserve Funds for Legislation Assumed in Budget Aggregates

Sec. 401. Reserve fund for medicare modernization and prescription drugs.

Sec. 402. Reserve fund for medicaid reform.

Sec. 403. Reserve fund for State children's health insurance program.

Sec. 404. Reserve fund for project bioshield.

Sec. 405. Reserve fund for health insurance for the uninsured.

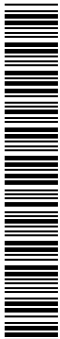
Sec. 406. Reserve fund for children with special needs.

Subtitle B—Contingency Procedure

Sec. 411. Contingency procedure for surface transportation.

Subtitle C—Adjustments to Fiscal Year 2003 Levels

Sec. 421. Supplemental appropriations for fiscal year 2003.



TITLE V—BUDGET ENFORCEMENT

- Sec. 501. Restrictions on advance appropriations.
- Sec. 502. Emergency legislation.
- Sec. 503. Extension of supermajority enforcement.
- Sec. 504. Discretionary spending limits in the Senate.
- Sec. 505. Pay-as-you-go point of order in the Senate.
- Sec. 506. Compliance with section 13301 of the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990.
- Sec. 507. Application and effect of changes in allocations and aggregates.
- Sec. 508. Adjustments to reflect changes in concepts and definitions.

TITLE VI—SENSE OF THE SENATE

- Sec. 601. Sense of the Senate on Federal employee pay.
- Sec. 602. Sense of the Senate regarding Pell Grants.
- Sec. 603. Sense of the Senate on emergency and disaster assistance for livestock and agriculture producers.
- Sec. 604. Social security restructuring.
- Sec. 605. Sense of the Senate concerning State fiscal relief.
- Sec. 606. Federal agency review commission.
- Sec. 607. Sense of the Senate regarding highway spending.
- Sec. 608. Sense of the Senate on reports on liabilities and future costs.
- Sec. 609. Sense of the Senate concerning an expansion in health care coverage.
- Sec. 610. Sense of the Senate concerning programs of the Corps of Engineers.
- Sec. 611. Sense of the Senate concerning Native American health.
- Sec. 612. Sense of the Senate on providing tax and other incentives to revitalize rural America.
- Sec. 613. Sense of the Senate concerning children's graduate medical education.
- Sec. 614. Sense of the Senate on funding for criminal justice.
- Sec. 615. Sense of the Senate concerning funding for drug treatment programs.
- Sec. 616. Sense of Senate concerning free trade agreement with the United Kingdom.

1 **TITLE I—RECOMMENDED**
2 **LEVELS AND AMOUNTS**

3 **SEC. 101. RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS.**

4 The following budgetary levels are appropriate for
5 each of fiscal years 2003 through 2013:

6 (1) FEDERAL REVENUES.—For purposes of the
7 enforcement of this resolution:

8 (A) The recommended levels of Federal
9 revenues are as follows:



1	Fiscal	year	2003:
2	\$1,303,111,000,000.		
3	Fiscal	year	2004:
4	\$1,325,452,000,000.		
5	Fiscal	year	2005:
6	\$1,493,875,000,000.		
7	Fiscal	year	2006:
8	\$1,657,511,000,000.		
9	Fiscal	year	2007:
10	\$1,790,251,000,000.		
11	Fiscal	year	2008:
12	\$1,901,844,000,000.		
13	Fiscal	year	2009:
14	\$2,053,762,000,000.		
15	Fiscal	year	2010:
16	\$2,167,937,000,000.		
17	Fiscal	year	2011:
18	\$2,270,540,000,000.		
19	Fiscal	year	2012:
20	\$2,409,572,000,000.		
21	Fiscal	year	2013:
22	\$2,553,985,000,000.		

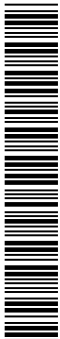
(B) The amounts by which the aggregate levels of Federal revenues should be reduced are as follows:



1 Fiscal year 2003: \$56,723,000,000.
2 Fiscal year 2004: \$140,918,000,000.
3 Fiscal year 2005: \$123,151,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2006: \$83,161,000,000.
5 Fiscal year 2007: \$62,915,000,000.
6 Fiscal year 2008: \$61,133,000,000.
7 Fiscal year 2009: \$24,568,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2010: \$25,105,000,000.
9 Fiscal year 2011: \$156,956,000,000.
10 Fiscal year 2012: \$240,207,000,000.
11 Fiscal year 2013: \$250,225,000,000.

12 (2) NEW BUDGET AUTHORITY.—For purposes
13 of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate
14 levels of total new budget authority are as follows:

15 Fiscal year 2003: \$1,862,613,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2004: \$1,861,004,000,000.
17 Fiscal year 2005: \$1,990,236,000,000.
18 Fiscal year 2006: \$2,122,301,000,000.
19 Fiscal year 2007: \$2,232,829,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2008: \$2,348,872,000,000.
21 Fiscal year 2009: \$2,454,439,000,000.
22 Fiscal year 2010: \$2,555,612,000,000.
23 Fiscal year 2011: \$2,669,462,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2012: \$2,754,007,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2013: \$2,875,121,000,000.



1 (3) BUDGET OUTLAYS.—For purposes of the
2 enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels
3 of total budget outlays are as follows:

4 Fiscal year 2003: \$1,815,395,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2004: \$1,883,834,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 2005: \$1,981,402,000,000.

7 Fiscal year 2006: \$2,089,299,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2007: \$2,190,576,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2008: \$2,307,259,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2009: \$2,419,846,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2010: \$2,527,898,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2011: \$2,651,220,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2012: \$2,723,935,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2013: \$2,855,491,000,000.

15 (4) DEFICITS (ON-BUDGET).—For purposes of
16 the enforcement of this resolution, the amounts of
17 the deficits (on-budget) are as follows:

18 Fiscal year 2003: \$512,284,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2004: \$558,382,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2005: \$487,527,000,000.

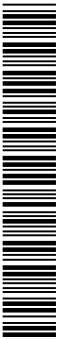
21 Fiscal year 2006: \$431,788,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2007: \$400,325,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2008: \$405,415,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2009: \$366,084,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2010: \$359,961,000,000.



1 Fiscal year 2011: \$380,680,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2012: \$314,363,000,000.

3 Fiscal year 2013: \$301,506,000,000.

4 (5) DEBT SUBJECT TO LIMIT.—Pursuant to
5 section 301(a)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act
6 of 1974, the appropriate levels of the public debt are
7 as follows:

8 Fiscal year 2003: \$6,747,000,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2004: \$7,384,000,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2005: \$7,978,000,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2006: \$8,534,000,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2007: \$9,064,000,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2008: \$9,602,000,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2009: \$10,102,000,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2010: \$10,601,000,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2011: \$11,125,000,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2012: \$11,588,000,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2013: \$12,040,000,000,000.

19 (6) DEBT HELD BY THE PUBLIC.—The appro-
20 priate levels of debt held by the public are as follows:

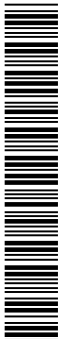
21 Fiscal year 2003: \$3,917,000,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2004: \$4,299,000,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2005: \$4,599,000,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2006: \$4,829,000,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2007: \$5,007,000,000,000.

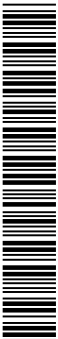


1 Fiscal year 2008: \$5,169,000,000,000.
2 Fiscal year 2009: \$5,272,000,000,000.
3 Fiscal year 2010: \$5,349,000,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2011: \$5,428,000,000,000.
5 Fiscal year 2012: \$5,424,000,000,000.
6 Fiscal year 2013: \$5,394,000,000,000.

7 **SEC. 102. SOCIAL SECURITY.**

8 (a) SOCIAL SECURITY REVENUES.—For purposes of
9 Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the
10 Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the amounts of reve-
11 nues of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance
12 Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust
13 Fund are as follows:

14 Fiscal year 2003: \$531,607,000,000.
15 Fiscal year 2004: \$557,821,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2005: \$587,775,000,000.
17 Fiscal year 2006: \$619,062,000,000.
18 Fiscal year 2007: \$651,148,000,000.
19 Fiscal year 2008: \$684,429,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2009: \$719,132,000,000.
21 Fiscal year 2010: \$755,754,000,000.
22 Fiscal year 2011: \$792,152,000,000.
23 Fiscal year 2012: \$829,568,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2013: \$869,690,000,000.



1 (b) SOCIAL SECURITY OUTLAYS.—For purposes of
2 Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the
3 Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the amounts of outlays
4 of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust
5 Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund
6 are as follows:

7 Fiscal year 2003: \$366,278,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2004: \$380,389,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2005: \$390,148,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2006: \$402,413,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2007: \$415,269,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2008: \$429,061,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2009: \$445,442,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2010: \$463,613,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2011: \$482,034,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2012: \$504,888,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2013: \$531,118,000,000.

18 (c) SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATIVE EX-
19 PENSES.—In the Senate, the amounts of new budget au-
20 thority and budget outlays of the Federal Old-Age and
21 Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Dis-
22 ability Insurance Trust Fund for administrative expenses
23 are as follows:

24 Fiscal year 2003:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$3,812,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$3,838,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2004:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$4,257,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$4,207,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2005:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$4,338,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$4,301,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2006:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$4,424,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$4,409,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2007:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$4,522,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$4,505,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2008:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$4,638,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$4,617,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2009:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$4,792,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$4,766,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2010:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$4,954,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$4,924,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2011:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$5,121,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$5,091,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2012:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$5,292,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$5,260,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2013:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$5,471,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$5,439,000,000.

20 **SEC. 103. MAJOR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.**

21 The Congress determines and declares that the ap-
22 propriate levels of new budget authority and outlays for
23 fiscal years 2003 through 2013 for each major functional
24 category are:

25 (1) National Defense (050):



1 Fiscal year 2003:

2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$392,494,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$386,229,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2004:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$400,546,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$400,916,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2005:

10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$420,071,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$414,237,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2006:

14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$440,185,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$426,011,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2007:

18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$460,435,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, \$438,656,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2008:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$480,886,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$462,861,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2009:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$491,951,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$479,249,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2010:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$502,301,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$493,195,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2011:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$511,859,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$508,131,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2012:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$520,553,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$510,509,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2013:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$529,428,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$524,494,000,000.

20 (2) International Affairs (150):

21 Fiscal year 2003:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$22,506,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$19,283,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2004:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$25,681,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$24,207,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2005:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$29,734,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$24,917,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2006:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$32,308,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$26,539,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2007:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$33,603,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$28,464,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2008:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$34,611,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$29,604,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2009:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$35,413,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$30,733,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2010:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$36,258,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$31,689,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2011:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$37,136,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$32,565,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2012:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$38,005,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$33,408,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2013:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$38,885,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$34,298,000,000.

16 (3) General Science, Space, and Technology
17 (250):

18 Fiscal year 2003:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$23,153,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$21,556,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2004:

23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$23,927,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$22,799,000,000.



1 Fiscal year 2005:

2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$24,433,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$23,861,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2006:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$25,217,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$24,485,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2007:

10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$26,055,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$25,221,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2008:

14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$26,832,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$25,948,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2009:

18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$27,462,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, \$26,639,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2010:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$28,121,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$27,296,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2011:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$28,805,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$27,963,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2012:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$29,492,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$28,639,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2013:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$30,185,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$29,319,000,000.

12 (4) Energy (270):

13 Fiscal year 2003:

14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$2,074,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$439,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2004:

18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$2,634,000,000.

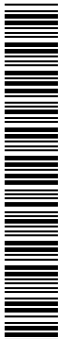
20 (B) Outlays, \$873,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2005:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$2,797,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$947,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2006:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$2,714,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$1,272,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2007:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$2,540,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$1,069,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2008:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$3,080,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$1,419,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2009:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$3,090,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$1,686,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2010:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$3,194,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$1,794,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2011:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$3,296,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$1,976,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2012:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$3,408,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$2,357,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2013:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$3,520,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$2,326,000,000.

8 (5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):

9 Fiscal year 2003:

10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$30,816,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$28,940,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2004:

14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$31,623,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$30,782,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2005:

18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$32,504,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, \$31,654,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2006:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$32,962,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$32,830,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2007:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$33,386,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$33,127,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2008:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$34,064,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$33,527,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2009:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$35,183,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$34,544,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2010:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$36,021,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$35,360,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2011:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$36,829,000,000.

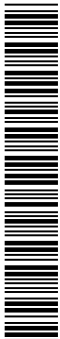
19 (B) Outlays, \$36,163,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2012:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$37,529,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$36,836,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2013:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$38,214,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$37,600,000,000.

4 (6) Agriculture (350):

5 Fiscal year 2003:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$24,418,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$23,365,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2004:

10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$24,583,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$23,656,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2005:

14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$27,003,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$25,763,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2006:

18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$26,828,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, \$25,593,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2007:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$26,299,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$25,107,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2008:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$25,507,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$24,381,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2009:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$26,092,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$25,128,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2010:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$25,545,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$24,716,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2011:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$24,991,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$24,180,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2012:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$24,573,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$23,778,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2013:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$24,297,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$23,498,000,000.

24 (7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):

25 Fiscal year 2003:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$8,812,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$5,881,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2004:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$7,516,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$3,574,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2005:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$8,743,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$4,050,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2006:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$8,280,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$3,116,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2007:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$8,626,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$2,651,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2008:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$8,743,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$2,243,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2009:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$8,526,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$2,019,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2010:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$8,407,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$1,538,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2011:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$8,386,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$934,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2012:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$8,489,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$642,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2013:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$8,563,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$756,000,000.

20 (8) Transportation (400):

21 Fiscal year 2003:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$64,091,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$67,847,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2004:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$69,506,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$69,869,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2005:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$70,489,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$69,442,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2006:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$72,496,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$70,191,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2007:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$75,278,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$71,786,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2008:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$76,927,000,000.

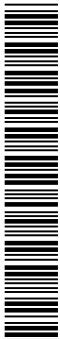
19 (B) Outlays, \$73,659,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2009:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$78,878,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$75,632,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2010:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$77,747,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$77,233,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2011:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$78,624,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$78,291,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2012:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$79,527,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$79,317,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2013:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$80,466,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$80,346,000,000.

16 (9) Community and Regional Development
17 (450):

18 Fiscal year 2003:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$12,251,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$15,994,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2004:

23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$14,063,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$15,823,000,000.



1 Fiscal year 2005:

2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$14,138,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$15,872,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2006:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$14,321,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$14,961,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2007:

10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$14,536,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$14,664,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2008:

14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$14,745,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$14,123,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2009:

18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$14,980,000,000.

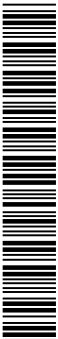
20 (B) Outlays, \$14,298,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2010:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$15,233,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$14,501,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2011:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$15,492,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$14,750,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2012:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$15,755,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$14,992,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2013:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$16,023,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$15,259,000,000.

12 (10) Education, Training, Employment, and
13 Social Services (500):

14 Fiscal year 2003:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$82,699,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$81,455,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2004:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$90,035,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$84,205,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2005:

23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$91,442,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$87,020,000,000.



1 Fiscal year 2006:

2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$93,428,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$90,541,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2007:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$95,569,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$92,986,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2008:

10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$97,925,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$95,118,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2009:

14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$99,813,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$97,440,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2010:

18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$101,551,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, \$99,289,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2011:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$103,529,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$101,117,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2012:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$105,790,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$102,985,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2013:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$107,265,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$104,934,000,000.

8 (11) Health (550):

9 Fiscal year 2003:

10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$222,913,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$217,881,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2004:

14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$240,554,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$238,785,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2005:

18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$259,701,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, \$259,403,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2006:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$279,236,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$279,024,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2007:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$299,614,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$298,681,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2008:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$322,061,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$320,731,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2009:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$345,548,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$344,059,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2010:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$370,626,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$369,097,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2011:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$396,818,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$395,280,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2012:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$415,790,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$414,384,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2013:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$445,484,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$444,082,000,000.

4 (12) Medicare (570):

5 Fiscal year 2003:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$248,586,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$248,434,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2004:

10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$266,018,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$266,283,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2005:

14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$282,682,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$285,630,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2006:

18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$321,623,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, \$318,384,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2007:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$343,717,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$343,987,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2008:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$369,244,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$369,119,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2009:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$395,368,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$395,107,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2010:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$423,288,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$423,546,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2011:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$453,285,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$456,642,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2012:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$485,951,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$482,125,000,000.

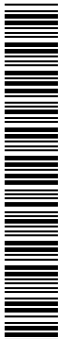
20 Fiscal year 2013:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$526,553,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$526,809,000,000.

24 (13) Income Security (600):

25 Fiscal year 2003:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$326,390,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$334,177,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2004:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$319,518,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$324,840,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2005:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$333,821,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$337,123,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2006:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$341,816,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$344,292,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2007:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$349,199,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$350,945,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2008:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$361,697,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$362,808,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2009:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$373,372,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$374,083,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2010:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$384,844,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$385,347,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2011:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$400,266,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$400,688,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2012:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$403,738,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$404,146,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2013:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$418,672,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$419,245,000,000.

20 (14) Social Security (650):

21 Fiscal year 2003:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$13,255,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$13,255,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2004:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$14,294,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$14,293,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2005:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$15,471,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$15,471,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2006:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$16,421,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$16,421,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2007:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$17,919,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$17,919,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2008:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$19,704,000,000.

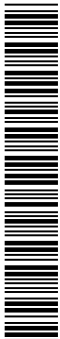
19 (B) Outlays, \$19,704,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2009:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$21,810,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$21,810,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2010:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$24,283,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$24,283,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2011:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$28,170,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$28,170,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2012:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$31,357,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$31,357,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2013:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$34,347,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$34,347,000,000.

16 (15) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):

17 Fiscal year 2003:

18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$57,597,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, \$57,486,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2004:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$63,779,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$63,209,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2005:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$67,135,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$66,553,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2006:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$65,397,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$64,995,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2007:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$63,874,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$63,442,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2008:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$67,666,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$67,398,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2009:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$69,279,000,000.

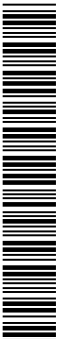
19 (B) Outlays, \$68,924,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2010:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$70,992,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$70,588,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2011:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$75,669,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$75,249,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2012:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$72,618,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$72,097,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2013:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$77,455,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$76,989,000,000.

12 (16) Administration of Justice (750):

13 Fiscal year 2003:

14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$38,543,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$37,712,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2004:

18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$37,626,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, \$40,788,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2005:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$37,946,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$39,193,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2006:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$37,984,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$38,329,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2007:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$38,461,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$38,252,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2008:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$39,477,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$39,128,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2009:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$40,497,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$40,212,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2010:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$41,599,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$41,299,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2011:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$42,889,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$42,472,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2012:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$44,207,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$43,760,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2013:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$45,576,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$45,120,000,000.

8 (17) General Government (800):

9 Fiscal year 2003:

10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$18,185,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$18,110,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2004:

14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$20,202,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$20,066,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2005:

18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$20,635,000,000.

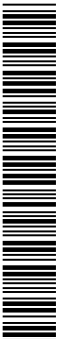
20 (B) Outlays, \$20,714,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2006:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$20,656,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$20,485,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2007:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$21,126,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$20,876,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2008:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$21,236,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$21,013,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2009:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$21,946,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$21,504,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2010:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$22,695,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$22,212,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2011:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$23,458,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$22,946,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2012:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$24,255,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$23,880,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2013:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$25,076,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$24,520,000,000.

4 (18) Net Interest (900):

5 Fiscal year 2003:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$240,176,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$240,176,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2004:

10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$259,414,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$259,414,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2005:

14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$310,630,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$310,630,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2006:

18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$352,219,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, \$352,219,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2007:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$380,574,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$380,574,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2008:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$405,647,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$405,647,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2009:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$429,542,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$429,542,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2010:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$450,651,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$450,651,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2011:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$473,381,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$473,381,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2012:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$496,015,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$496,015,000,000.

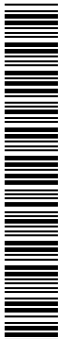
20 Fiscal year 2013:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$514,513,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$514,513,000,000.

24 (19) Allowances (920):

25 Fiscal year 2003:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$74,758,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$38,279,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2004:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 – \$7,621,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$22,346,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2005:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 – \$6,541,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$1,520,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2006:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 – \$7,331,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, – \$5,930,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2007:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 – \$8,947,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, – \$8,796,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2008:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 – \$9,959,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, – \$9,951,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2009:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 – \$11,526,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, – \$9,978,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2010:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 – \$12,888,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, – \$10,880,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2011:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 – \$16,414,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, – \$12,671,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2012:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 – \$21,460,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, – \$15,707,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2013:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 – \$25,618,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, – \$19,181,000,000.

20 (20) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):

21 Fiscal year 2003:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 – \$41,104,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, – \$41,104,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2004:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 – \$42,894,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, – \$42,894,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2005:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 – \$52,598,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, – \$52,598,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2006:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 – \$54,459,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, – \$54,459,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2007:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 – \$49,035,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, – \$49,035,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2008:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 – \$51,221,000,000.

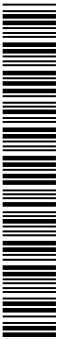
19 (B) Outlays, – \$51,221,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2009:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 – \$52,785,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, – \$52,785,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2010:



1 (A) New budget authority,
2 —\$54,856,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, —\$54,856,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2011:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 —\$57,007,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, —\$57,007,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2012:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 —\$61,585,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, —\$61,585,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2013:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 —\$63,783,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, —\$63,783,000,000.

16 **TITLE II—RECONCILIATION**

17 **SEC. 201. RECONCILIATION FOR ECONOMIC GROWTH AND** 18 **TAX SIMPLIFICATION AND FAIRNESS.**

19 (a) IN THE HOUSE.—The House Committee on Ways
20 and Means shall report a reconciliation bill not later than
21 May 8, 2003, that consists of changes in laws within its
22 jurisdiction sufficient to reduce revenues by not more than
23 \$535,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2003
24 through 2013 and increase the total level of outlays by



1 not more than \$15,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal
2 years 2003 through 2013.

3 (b) IN THE SENATE.—The Senate Committee on Fi-
4 nance shall report a reconciliation bill not later than May
5 8, 2003, that consists of changes in laws within its juris-
6 diction sufficient to reduce revenues by not more than
7 \$522,524,000,000 and increase the total level of outlays
8 by not more than \$27,476,000,000 for the period of fiscal
9 years 2003 through 2013.

10 **SEC. 202. LIMIT ON SENATE CONSIDERATION OF REC-**
11 **ONCILIATION.**

12 (a) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order for
13 the Senate to consider a bill reported pursuant to section
14 201, or an amendment thereto, which would cause the
15 total revenue reduction to exceed \$322,524,000,000 or the
16 total outlay increase to exceed \$27,476,000,000 for the
17 period of fiscal years 2003 through 2013, except for the
18 purpose of inserting the text of a Senate-passed measure
19 and requesting a conference with the House of Represent-
20 atives.

21 (b) WAIVER.—This section may be waived or sus-
22 pended in the Senate only by the affirmative vote of three-
23 fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

24 (c) APPEALS.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of
25 the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall



1 be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair
2 on the point of order raised under this section.

3 **TITLE III—SUBMISSIONS TO**
4 **ELIMINATE WASTE, FRAUD,**
5 **AND ABUSE**

6 **SEC. 301. SUBMISSIONS OF FINDINGS PROVIDING FOR THE**
7 **ELIMINATION OF WASTE, FRAUD, AND ABUSE**
8 **IN MANDATORY PROGRAMS.**

9 (a) FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.—The Congress finds
10 that—

11 (1) the Inspector General of the Department of
12 Education has found that nearly 23 percent of re-
13 cipients whose loans were discharged due to dis-
14 ability claims were gainfully employed;

15 (2) based on data provided by the Office of
16 Management and Budget, it is estimated that more
17 than \$8 billion in erroneous earned income tax pay-
18 ments are made each year;

19 (3) the Office of Management and Budget esti-
20 mates that erroneous payments for food stamps ac-
21 count for almost 9 percent of total benefits;

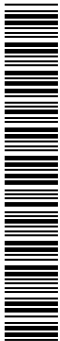
22 (4) mismanagement of more than \$3 billion in
23 trust funds controlled by the Bureau of Indian Af-
24 fairs led the Congress to take extraordinary meas-
25 ures to regain control of these funds;



1 (5) in its semiannual reports to Congress, the
2 Inspector General of the Office of Personnel Man-
3 agement has documented numerous instances of the
4 Government continuing to make electronic payments
5 for retirement benefits through the Civil Service Re-
6 tirement System after the death of the eligible annu-
7 itants; and

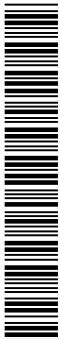
8 (6) numerous other examples of waste, fraud,
9 and abuse are reported regularly by government
10 watchdog agencies.

11 (b) SUBMISSIONS PROVIDING FOR THE ELIMINATION
12 OF WASTE, FRAUD, AND ABUSE IN MANDATORY PRO-
13 GRAMS.—Not later than September 2, 2003, the House
14 committees named in subsection (c) and the Senate com-
15 mittees named in subsection (d) shall submit findings that
16 identify changes in law within their jurisdictions that
17 would achieve the specified level of savings through the
18 elimination of waste, fraud, and abuse. After receiving
19 those recommendations, the Committees on the Budget
20 may use them in the development of future concurrent res-
21 olutions on the budget. For purposes of this subsection,
22 the specified level of savings for each committee shall be
23 inserted in the Congressional Record by the chairmen of
24 the Committee on the Budget by May 16, 2003.



1 (c) HOUSE COMMITTEES.—The following committees
2 of the House of Representatives shall submit findings to
3 the House Committee on the Budget pursuant to sub-
4 section (b): the Committee on Agriculture, the Committee
5 on Armed Services, the Committee on Education and the
6 Workforce, the Committee on Energy and Commerce, the
7 Committee on Financial Services, the Committee on Gov-
8 ernment Reform, the Committee on House Administra-
9 tion, the Committee on International Relations, the Com-
10 mittee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Resources, the
11 Committee on Science, the Committee on Small Business,
12 the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, the
13 Committee on Veterans' Affairs, and the Committee on
14 Ways and Means.

15 (d) SENATE COMMITTEES.—The following commit-
16 tees of the Senate shall submit their findings to the Senate
17 Committee on the Budget pursuant to subsection (b): the
18 Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry, the
19 Committee on Armed Services, the Committee Banking,
20 Housing, and Urban Affairs, the Committee Commerce,
21 Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Energy
22 and Natural Resources, the Committee on Environment
23 and Public Works, the Committee on Finance, the Com-
24 mittee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Govern-
25 mental Affairs, the Committee on Health, Education,



1 Labor, and Pensions, the Committee on the Judiciary, and
2 the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

3 (e) GAO REPORT.—By August 1, 2003, the Comp-
4 troller General shall submit to the Committees on the
5 Budget a comprehensive report identifying instances in
6 which the committees of jurisdiction may make legislative
7 changes to improve the economy, efficiency, and effective-
8 ness of programs within their jurisdiction.

9 **TITLE IV—RESERVE FUNDS AND**
10 **CONTINGENCY PROCEDURE**
11 **Subtitle A—Reserve Funds for Leg-**
12 **islation Assumed in Budget Ag-**
13 **gregates**

14 **SEC. 401. RESERVE FUND FOR MEDICARE MODERNIZATION**
15 **AND PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.**

16 (a) IN THE HOUSE.—(1) In the House, if the Com-
17 mittee on Ways and Means or the Committee on Energy
18 and Commerce reports a bill or joint resolution, or if an
19 amendment thereto is offered or a conference report there-
20 on is submitted, that provides a prescription drug benefit
21 and modernizes medicare, and provides adjustments to the
22 medicare program on a fee-for-service, capitated, or other
23 basis, the chairman of the Committee on the Budget may
24 revise the appropriate allocations described in paragraph
25 (3) for such committees and other appropriate levels in

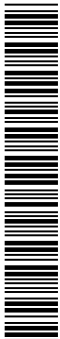


1 this resolution by the amount provided by that measure
2 for that purpose, but not to exceed \$7,000,000,000 in new
3 budget authority and \$7,000,000,000 in outlays for fiscal
4 year 2004 and \$400,000,000,000 in new budget authority
5 and \$400,000,000,000 in outlays for the period of fiscal
6 years 2004 through 2013.

7 (2) After the consideration of any measure for which
8 an adjustment is made pursuant to paragraph (1), the
9 chairman of the Committee on the Budget shall make any
10 further appropriate adjustments in allocations and budget
11 aggregates.

12 (3) In the House, there shall be a separate section
13 302(a) allocation to the appropriate committees for medi-
14 care. For purposes of enforcing such separate allocation
15 under section 302(f) of the Congressional Budget Act of
16 1974, the “first fiscal year” and the “total of fiscal years”
17 shall be deemed to refer to fiscal year 2004 and the total
18 of fiscal years 2004 through 2013 included in the joint
19 explanatory statement of managers accompanying this
20 resolution, respectively. Such separate allocation shall be
21 the exclusive allocation for medicare under section 302(a)
22 of such Act.

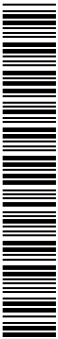
23 (b) IN THE SENATE.—If the Committee on Finance
24 of the Senate reports a bill or joint resolution, or an
25 amendment is offered thereto or a conference report there-



1 on is submitted, that strengthens and enhances the Medi-
2 care Program under title XVIII of the Social Security Act
3 (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.) and improves the access of bene-
4 ficiaries under that program to prescription drugs or pro-
5 motes geographic equity payments, the chairman of the
6 Committee on the Budget, may revise appropriate budg-
7 etary aggregates and committee allocations of new budget
8 authority and outlays provided by that measure for that
9 purpose, but not to exceed \$7,000,000,000 for fiscal year
10 2004 and \$400,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years
11 2004 through 2013.

12 **SEC. 402. RESERVE FUND FOR MEDICAID REFORM.**

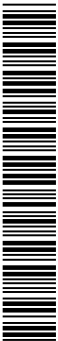
13 If the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the
14 House or the Committee on Finance of the Senate reports
15 a bill or joint resolution, or if an amendment thereto is
16 offered or a conference report thereon is submitted, that
17 modernizes medicaid, the appropriate chairman of the
18 Committee on the Budget may revise appropriate budg-
19 etary aggregates and committee allocations of new budget
20 authority and outlays provided by that measure for that
21 purpose, but not to exceed \$3,258,000,000 in new budget
22 authority and outlays for fiscal year 2004, \$8,944,000,000
23 in new budget authority and outlays for the period of fiscal
24 years 2004 through 2008, and \$12,782,000,000 in budget
25 authority and outlays for the period of fiscal years 2004



1 through 2010, if the legislation would not increase the def-
2 icit over the period of fiscal years 2004 through 2013.

3 **SEC. 403. RESERVE FUND FOR STATE CHILDREN'S HEALTH**
4 **INSURANCE PROGRAM.**

5 If the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the
6 House or the Committee on Finance of the Senate reports
7 a bill or joint resolution, or if an amendment thereto is
8 offered or a conference report thereon is submitted, that
9 extends the availability of fiscal year 1998 and 1999 ex-
10 pired State Children's Health Insurance Program allot-
11 ments and the expiring fiscal year 2000 allotments, the
12 appropriate chairman of the Committee on the Budget
13 may revise appropriate budgetary aggregates and com-
14 mittee allocations of new budget authority and outlays by
15 the amount provided by that measure for that purpose,
16 but not to exceed \$1,260,000,000 in new budget authority
17 and \$85,000,000 in outlays for fiscal year 2003,
18 \$1,330,000,000 in new budget authority and \$85,000,000
19 in outlays for fiscal year 2004, \$690,000,000 in new budg-
20 et authority and \$760,000,000 in outlays for the period
21 of fiscal years 2004 through 2008, and \$565,000,000 in
22 new budget authority and \$890,000,000 in outlays for the
23 period of fiscal years 2004 through 2013.



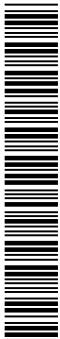
1 **SEC. 404. RESERVE FUND FOR PROJECT BIOSHIELD.**

2 (a) IN THE HOUSE.—In the House, if the appropriate
3 committee of jurisdiction reports a bill or joint resolution,
4 or if an amendment thereto is offered or a conference re-
5 port thereon is submitted, that establishes a program to
6 accelerate the research, development, and purchase of bio-
7 medical threat countermeasures and—

8 (1) such measure provides new budget authority
9 to carry out such program; or

10 (2) such measure authorizes discretionary new
11 budget authority to carry out such program and the
12 Committee on Appropriations reports a bill or joint
13 resolution that provides new budget authority to
14 carry out such program,

15 the chairman of the Committee on the Budget may revise
16 the allocations for the committee providing such new
17 budget authority, and other appropriate levels in this reso-
18 lution, by the amount provided for that purpose, but, in
19 the case of a measure described in paragraph (1), not to
20 exceed \$890,000,000 in new budget authority for fiscal
21 year 2004 and outlays flowing therefrom and
22 \$3,418,000,000 in new budget authority for the period of
23 fiscal years 2004 through 2008 and outlays flowing there-
24 from or, in the case of a measure described in paragraph
25 (2), not to exceed \$890,000,000 in new budget authority
26 for fiscal year 2004 and outlays flowing therefrom. Not-



1 withstanding the preceding sentence, the total such revi-
2 sion for fiscal year 2004 may not exceed \$890,000,000
3 in new budget authority and outlays flowing therefrom.

4 (b) IN THE SENATE.—In the Senate, if the Com-
5 mittee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions reports
6 a bill or joint resolution, or if an amendment thereto is
7 offered or a conference report thereon is submitted, that
8 provides for the Department of Homeland Security to pro-
9 cure countermeasures necessary to protect the public
10 health from current and emerging threats of chemical, bio-
11 logical, radiological, or nuclear agents for inclusion by the
12 Secretary of Health and Human Services in the Strategic
13 National Stockpile, the chairman of the Committee on the
14 Budget may revise appropriate budgetary aggregates and
15 committee allocations of new budget authority and outlays
16 provided by that measure for that purpose, but not to ex-
17 ceed \$890,000,000 in new budget authority and
18 \$575,000,000 in outlays for fiscal year 2004, and
19 \$5,593,000,000 in new budget authority and
20 \$5,593,000,000 in outlays for the period of fiscal years
21 2004 through 2013.

22 **SEC. 405. RESERVE FUND FOR HEALTH INSURANCE FOR**
23 **THE UNINSURED.**

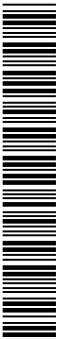
24 If the committee of jurisdiction in the House or the
25 Committee on Finance of the Senate reports a bill or joint



1 resolution, or an amendment thereto is offered or a con-
2 ference report thereon is submitted, that provides health
3 insurance for the uninsured (including a measure pro-
4 viding for tax deductions for the purchase of health insur-
5 ance for, among others, moderate income individuals not
6 receiving health insurance from their employers), the ap-
7 propriate chairman of the Committee on the Budget may
8 revise allocations of new budget authority and outlays, the
9 revenue aggregates, and other appropriate aggregates by
10 the amount provided by that measure for that purpose,
11 but not to exceed \$28,457,000,000 for the period of fiscal
12 years 2004 through 2008 and \$49,965,000,000 for the pe-
13 riod of fiscal years 2004 through 2013.

14 **SEC. 406. RESERVE FUND FOR CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL**
15 **NEEDS.**

16 If the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the
17 House or the Committee on Finance of the Senate reports
18 a bill or joint resolution, or if an amendment thereto is
19 offered or a conference report thereon is submitted, that
20 provides States with the option to expand Medicaid cov-
21 erage for children with special needs, allowing families of
22 disabled children to purchase coverage under the Medicaid
23 Program for such children, the appropriate chairman of
24 the Committee on the Budget may revise committee allo-
25 cations for that committee and other appropriate budg-



1 etary aggregates and allocations of new budget authority
2 and outlays by the amount provided by that measure for
3 that purpose, but not to exceed \$43,000,000 in new budg-
4 et authority and \$42,000,000 in outlays for fiscal year
5 2004, \$1,627,000,000 in new budget authority and
6 \$1,566,000,000 in outlays for the period of fiscal years
7 2004 through 2008, and \$7,462,000,000 in new budget
8 authority and \$7,261,000,000 in outlays for the period of
9 fiscal years 2004 through 2013.

10 **Subtitle B—Contingency Procedure**

11 **SEC. 411. CONTINGENCY PROCEDURE FOR SURFACE** 12 **TRANSPORTATION.**

13 (a) IN GENERAL.—If the Committee on Transpor-
14 tation and Infrastructure of the House or the Committee
15 on Environment and Public Works, the Committee on
16 Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, or the Committee
17 on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate
18 reports a bill or joint resolution, or if an amendment
19 thereto is offered or a conference report thereon is sub-
20 mitted, that provides new budget authority for the budget
21 accounts or portions thereof in the highway and transit
22 categories as defined in sections 250(c)(4)(B) and (C) of
23 the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act
24 of 1985 in excess of the following amounts:

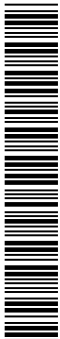
25 (1) for fiscal year 2004: \$41,740,000,000,



- 1 (2) for fiscal year 2005: \$42,743,000,000,
- 2 (3) for fiscal year 2006: \$43,721,000,000,
- 3 (4) for fiscal year 2007: \$45,795,000,000,
- 4 (5) for fiscal year 2008: \$47,031,000,000, or
- 5 (6) for fiscal year 2009: \$47,818,000,000,

6 the chairman of the appropriate Committee on the Budget
7 may adjust the appropriate budget aggregates and in-
8 crease the allocation of new budget authority to such com-
9 mittee for fiscal year 2004 and for the period of fiscal
10 years 2004 through 2008 to the extent such excess is off-
11 set by a reduction in mandatory outlays from the Highway
12 Trust Fund or an increase in receipts appropriated to
13 such fund for the applicable fiscal year caused by such
14 legislation or any previously enacted legislation. In the
15 Senate, any increase in receipts must be reported from
16 the Committee on Finance.

17 (b) ADJUSTMENT FOR OUTLAYS.—(1) For fiscal year
18 2004, in the House and in the Senate, if a bill or joint
19 resolution is reported, or if an amendment thereto is of-
20 fered or a conference report thereon is submitted, that
21 changes obligation limitations such that the total limita-
22 tions are in excess of \$39,684,000,000 for fiscal year
23 2004, for programs, projects, and activities within the
24 highway and transit categories as defined in sections
25 250(c)(4)(B) and (C) of the Balanced Budget and Emer-



1 gency Deficit Control Act of 1985 and if legislation has
2 been enacted that satisfies the conditions set forth in sub-
3 section (a) for such fiscal year, the appropriate chairman
4 of the Committee on the Budget may increase the alloca-
5 tion of outlays and appropriate aggregates for such fiscal
6 year for the committee reporting such measure by the
7 amount of outlays that corresponds to such excess obliga-
8 tion limitations, but not to exceed the amount of such ex-
9 cess that was offset pursuant to subsection (a).

10 (2) For fiscal year 2005, in the Senate, if a bill or
11 joint resolution is reported, or if an amendment thereto
12 is offered or a conference report thereon is submitted, that
13 changes obligation limitations such that the total limita-
14 tions are in excess of \$40,788,000,000 for fiscal year
15 2005, for programs, projects, and activities within the
16 highway and transit categories as defined in sections
17 250(c)(4)(B) and (C) of the Balanced Budget and Emer-
18 gency Deficit Control Act of 1985 and if legislation has
19 been enacted that satisfies the conditions set forth in sub-
20 section (a) for such fiscal year, the chairman of the Com-
21 mittee on the Budget may increase the allocation of out-
22 lays and appropriate aggregates for such fiscal year for
23 the committee reporting such measure by the amount of
24 outlays that corresponds to such excess obligation limita-



1 tions, but not to exceed the amount of such excess that
2 was offset pursuant to subsection (a).

3 (c) STATEMENT OF INTENT.—It is the intent of Con-
4 gress that the increase in new budget authority and out-
5 lays above the baseline assumed for highways and highway
6 safety in section 103 of this resolution is derived from the
7 resources available to the Highway Trust Fund.

8 **Subtitle C—Adjustments to Fiscal**
9 **Year 2003 Levels**

10 **SEC. 421. SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL**
11 **YEAR 2003.**

12 If legislation making supplemental appropriations for
13 fiscal year 2003 is enacted before May 1, 2003, the appro-
14 priate chairman of the Committee on the Budget shall
15 make the appropriate adjustments in the appropriate allo-
16 cations and aggregates of new budget authority and out-
17 lays to reflect the difference between such measure and
18 the corresponding levels assumed in this resolution.

19 **TITLE V—BUDGET**
20 **ENFORCEMENT**

21 **SEC. 501. RESTRICTIONS ON ADVANCE APPROPRIATIONS.**

22 (a) IN THE HOUSE.—(1)(A) In the House, except as
23 provided in paragraph (2), an advance appropriation may
24 not be reported in a bill or joint resolution making a gen-



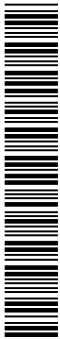
1 eral appropriation or continuing appropriation, and may
2 not be in order as an amendment thereto.

3 (B) Managers on the part of the House may not
4 agree to a Senate amendment that would violate subpara-
5 graph (A) unless specific authority to agree to the amend-
6 ment first is given by the House by a separate vote with
7 respect thereto.

8 (2) In the House, an advance appropriation may be
9 provided for fiscal year 2005 for programs, projects, ac-
10 tivities or accounts identified in the joint explanatory
11 statement of managers accompanying this resolution
12 under the heading “Accounts Identified for Advance Ap-
13 propriations, Part A” in an aggregate amount not to ex-
14 ceed \$23,158,000,000 in new budget authority, and an ad-
15 vance appropriation may be provided for fiscal year 2006
16 for any program identified in such statement under the
17 heading “Accounts Identified for Advance Appropriations,
18 Part B”.

19 (3) In this subsection, the term “advance appropria-
20 tion” means any discretionary new budget authority in a
21 bill or joint resolution making general appropriations or
22 continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2004 that first
23 becomes available for any fiscal year after 2004.

24 (b) IN THE SENATE.—(1) Except as provided in
25 paragraph (2), it shall not be in order in the Senate to



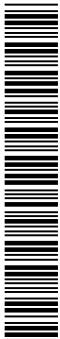
1 consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amendment, or
2 conference report that would provide an advance appro-
3 priation.

4 (2) An advance appropriation may be provided for fis-
5 cal years 2005 and 2006 for programs, projects, activities,
6 or accounts identified in the joint explanatory statement
7 of managers accompanying this resolution under the head-
8 ing "Accounts Identified for Advance Appropriations" in
9 an aggregate amount not to exceed \$23,158,000,000 in
10 new budget authority in each year.

11 (3)(A) In the Senate, paragraph (1) may be waived
12 or suspended only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths
13 of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative
14 vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly
15 chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal
16 of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under
17 paragraph (1).

18 (B) A point of order under paragraph (1) may be
19 raised by a Senator as provided in section 313(e) of the
20 Congressional Budget Act of 1974.

21 (C) If a point of order is sustained under paragraph
22 (1) against a conference report in the Senate, the report
23 shall be disposed of as provided in section 313(d) of the
24 Congressional Budget Act of 1974.



1 (4) In this subsection, the term “advance appropria-
2 tion” means any discretionary new budget authority in a
3 bill or joint resolution making general appropriations or
4 continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2004 that first
5 becomes available for any fiscal year after 2004 or making
6 general appropriations or continuing appropriations for
7 fiscal year 2005 that first becomes available for any fiscal
8 year after 2005.

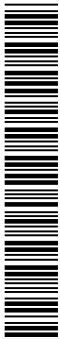
9 **SEC. 502. EMERGENCY LEGISLATION.**

10 (a) PURPOSE.—It is the purpose of this section, in
11 the absence of an extension of the discretionary spending
12 limits and PAYGO requirements under the Balanced
13 Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, to
14 enable the Congress to designate provisions of legislation
15 as an emergency in order to exempt such measures from
16 enforcement of this resolution with respect to the new
17 budget authority, outlays, and receipts resulting from such
18 provisions.

19 (b) IN THE HOUSE.—

20 (1) EXEMPTION OF EMERGENCY PROVISIONS.—

21 In the House, any new budget authority, new enti-
22 tlement authority, outlays, and receipts resulting
23 from any provision designated in that provision as
24 an emergency requirement, pursuant to this section,
25 in any bill, joint resolution, amendment, or con-



1 ference report shall not count for purposes of sec-
2 tions 302, 303, 311, and 401 of the Congressional
3 Budget Act of 1974.

4 (2) DESIGNATIONS.—

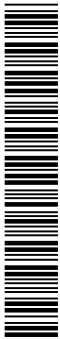
5 (A) GUIDANCE.—In the House, if a provi-
6 sion of legislation is designated as an emer-
7 gency requirement under this section, the com-
8 mittee report and any statement of managers
9 accompanying that legislation shall include an
10 explanation of the manner in which the provi-
11 sion meets the criteria in subparagraph (B). If
12 such legislation is to be considered by the
13 House without being reported, then the com-
14 mittee shall cause the explanation to be pub-
15 lished in the Congressional Record in advance
16 of floor consideration.

17 (B) CRITERIA.—

18 (i) IN GENERAL.—Any such provision
19 is an emergency requirement if the situa-
20 tion addressed by such provision is—

21 (I) necessary, essential, or vital
22 (not merely useful or beneficial);

23 (II) sudden, quickly coming into
24 being, and not building up over time;



1 (III) an urgent, pressing, and
2 compelling need requiring immediate
3 action;

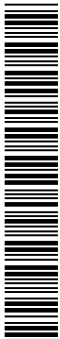
4 (IV) subject to clause (ii), un-
5 foreseen, unpredictable, and unantici-
6 pated; and

7 (V) not permanent, temporary in
8 nature.

9 (ii) UNFORESEEN.—An emergency
10 that is part of an aggregate level of antici-
11 pated emergencies, particularly when nor-
12 mally estimated in advance, is not unfore-
13 seen.

14 (c) IN THE SENATE.—

15 (1) AUTHORITY TO DESIGNATE.—In the Sen-
16 ate, with respect to a provision of direct spending or
17 receipts legislation or appropriations for discre-
18 tionary accounts that the President designates as an
19 emergency requirement and that the Congress so
20 designates in such measure, the amounts of new
21 budget authority, outlays, and receipts in all fiscal
22 years resulting from that provision shall be treated
23 as an emergency requirement for the purpose of this
24 section.



1 (2) EXEMPTION OF EMERGENCY PROVISIONS.—

2 In the Senate, any new budget authority, outlays,
3 and receipts resulting from any provision designated
4 as an emergency requirement, pursuant to this sec-
5 tion, in any bill, joint resolution, amendment, or con-
6 ference report shall not count for purposes of sec-
7 tions 302, 303, 311, and 401 of the Congressional
8 Budget Act of 1974 and sections 504 (relating to
9 discretionary spending limits in the Senate) and 505
10 (relating to the paygo requirement in the Senate) of
11 this resolution.

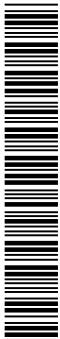
12 (3) DESIGNATIONS.—

13 (A) GUIDANCE.—In the Senate, if a provi-
14 sion of legislation is designated as an emer-
15 gency requirement under this section, the com-
16 mittee report and any statement of managers
17 accompanying that legislation shall include an
18 explanation of the manner in which the provi-
19 sion meets the criteria in subparagraph (B).

20 (B) CRITERIA.—

21 (i) IN GENERAL.—Any such provision
22 is an emergency requirement if the situa-
23 tion addressed by such provision is—

24 (I) necessary, essential, or vital
25 (not merely useful or beneficial);



1 (II) sudden, quickly coming into
2 being, and not building up over time;

3 (III) an urgent, pressing, and
4 compelling need requiring immediate
5 action;

6 (IV) subject to clause (ii), un-
7 foreseen, unpredictable, and unantici-
8 pated; and

9 (V) not permanent, temporary in
10 nature.

11 (ii) UNFORESEEN.—An emergency
12 that is part of an aggregate level of antici-
13 pated emergencies, particularly when nor-
14 mally estimated in advance, is not unfore-
15 seen.

16 (4) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection, the
17 terms “direct spending”, “receipts”, and “appropria-
18 tions for discretionary accounts” means any provi-
19 sion of a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion,
20 or conference report that affects direct spending, re-
21 ceipts, or appropriations as those terms have been
22 defined and interpreted for purposes of the Balanced
23 Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

24 (5) POINT OF ORDER.—When the Senate is
25 considering a bill, resolution, amendment, motion, or



1 conference report, if a point of order is made by a
2 Senator against an emergency designation in that
3 measure, that provision making such a designation
4 shall be stricken from the measure and may not be
5 offered as an amendment from the floor.

6 (6) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—Paragraph (5) may
7 be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an af-
8 firmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly
9 chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths
10 of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and
11 sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the
12 ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under
13 this section.

14 (7) DEFINITION OF AN EMERGENCY DESIGNA-
15 TION.—For purposes of paragraph (5), a provision
16 shall be considered an emergency designation if it
17 designates any item as an emergency requirement
18 pursuant to this section.

19 (8) FORM OF THE POINT OF ORDER.—A point
20 of order under paragraph (5) may be raised by a
21 Senator as provided in section 313(e) of the Con-
22 gressional Budget Act of 1974.

23 (9) CONFERENCE REPORTS.—If a point of
24 order is sustained under paragraph (5) against a
25 conference report, the report shall be disposed of as



1 provided in section 313(d) of the Congressional
2 Budget Act of 1974.

3 (10) EXCEPTION FOR DEFENSE SPENDING.—
4 Paragraph (5) shall not apply against an emergency
5 designation for a provision making discretionary ap-
6 propriations in the defense category.

7 **SEC. 503. EXTENSION OF SUPERMAJORITY ENFORCEMENT.**

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any provision of
9 the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, subsections (c)(2)
10 and (d)(3) of section 904 of the Congressional Budget Act
11 of 1974 shall remain in effect for purposes of Senate en-
12 forcement through September 30, 2008.

13 (b) REPEAL.—Senate Resolution 304, agreed to Oc-
14 tober 16, 2002 (107th Congress), is repealed.

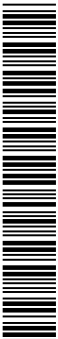
15 **SEC. 504. DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS IN THE SEN-**
16 **ATE.**

17 (a) DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS.—In the Sen-
18 ate and as used in this section, the term “discretionary
19 spending limit” means—

20 (1) for fiscal year 2003—

21 (A) \$839,118,000,000 in new budget au-
22 thority and \$805,146,000,000 in outlays for the
23 discretionary category;

24 (B) for the highway category,
25 \$31,264,000,000 in outlays; and



1 (C) for the mass transit category,
2 \$1,436,000,000 in new budget authority, and
3 \$6,551,000,000 in outlays;

4 (2) for fiscal year 2004—

5 (A) \$782,999,000,000 in new budget au-
6 thority and \$822,563,000,000 in outlays for the
7 discretionary category;

8 (B) for the highway category,
9 \$31,555,000,000 in outlays; and

10 (C) for the mass transit category,
11 \$1,461,000,000 in new budget authority, and
12 \$6,634,000,000 in outlays; and

13 (3) for fiscal year 2005—

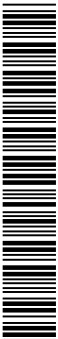
14 (A) \$812,598,000,000 in new budget au-
15 thority, and \$817,883,000,000 in outlays for
16 the discretionary category;

17 (B) for the highway category,
18 \$33,393,000,000 in outlays; and

19 (C) for the mass transit category
20 \$1,488,000,000 in new budget authority, and
21 \$6,726,000,000 in outlays;

22 as adjusted in conformance with subsection (c).

23 (b) DISCRETIONARY SPENDING POINT OF ORDER IN
24 THE SENATE.—



1 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise pro-
2 vided in this subsection, it shall not be in order in
3 the Senate to consider any bill or resolution (or
4 amendment, motion, or conference report on that bill
5 or resolution) that would exceed any of the discre-
6 tionary spending limits in this section.

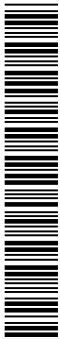
7 (2) WAIVER.—This subsection may be waived
8 or suspended in the Senate only by the affirmative
9 vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and
10 sworn.

11 (3) APPEALS.—Appeals in the Senate from the
12 decisions of the Chair relating to any provision of
13 this subsection shall be limited to 1 hour, to be
14 equally divided between, and controlled by, the ap-
15 pellant and the manager of the bill or joint resolu-
16 tion, as the case may be. An affirmative vote of
17 three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly cho-
18 sen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an ap-
19 peal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order
20 raised under this subsection.

21 (c) ADJUSTMENTS.—

22 (1) IN GENERAL.—

23 (A) CHAIRMAN.—After the reporting of a
24 bill or joint resolution, or the offering of an
25 amendment thereto or the submission of a con-



1 ference report thereon, the chairman of the
2 Committee on the Budget may make the ad-
3 justments set forth in subparagraph (B) for the
4 amount of new budget authority in that meas-
5 ure (if that measure meets the requirements set
6 forth in paragraph (2)) and the outlays flowing
7 from that budget authority.

8 (B) MATTERS TO BE ADJUSTED.—The ad-
9 justments referred to in subparagraph (A) are
10 to be made to—

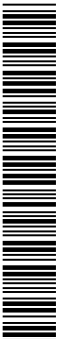
11 (i) the discretionary spending limits, if
12 any, set forth in the appropriate concur-
13 rent resolution on the budget;

14 (ii) the allocations made pursuant to
15 the appropriate concurrent resolution on
16 the budget pursuant to section 302(a) of
17 the Congressional Budget Act of 1974; and

18 (iii) the budgetary aggregates as set
19 forth in the appropriate concurrent resolu-
20 tion on the budget.

21 (2) AMOUNTS OF ADJUSTMENTS.—The adjust-
22 ment referred to in paragraph (1) shall be—

23 (A) an amount provided for transportation
24 under section 411; and



1 (B) an amount provided for the fiscal year
2 2003 supplemental appropriation pursuant to
3 section 421.

4 (3) REPORTING REVISED SUBALLOCATIONS.—
5 Following any adjustment made under paragraph
6 (1), the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate
7 shall report appropriately revised suballocations
8 under section 302(b) to carry out this subsection.

9 **SEC. 505. PAY-AS-YOU-GO POINT OF ORDER IN THE SENATE.**

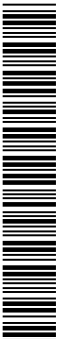
10 (a) POINT OF ORDER.—

11 (1) IN GENERAL.—It shall not be in order in
12 the Senate to consider any direct spending or rev-
13 enue legislation that would increase the on-budget
14 deficit or cause an on-budget deficit for any one of
15 the three applicable time periods as measured in
16 paragraphs (5) and (6).

17 (2) APPLICABLE TIME PERIODS.—For purposes
18 of this subsection, the term “applicable time period”
19 means any 1 of the 3 following periods:

20 (A) The first year covered by the most re-
21 cently adopted concurrent resolution on the
22 budget.

23 (B) The period of the first 5 fiscal years
24 covered by the most recently adopted concur-
25 rent resolution on the budget.



1 (C) The period of the 5 fiscal years fol-
2 lowing the first 5 fiscal years covered in the
3 most recently adopted concurrent resolution on
4 the budget.

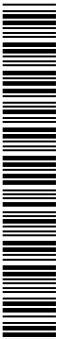
5 (3) DIRECT-SPENDING LEGISLATION.—For pur-
6 poses of this subsection and except as provided in
7 paragraph (4), the term “direct-spending legisla-
8 tion” means any bill, joint resolution, amendment,
9 motion, or conference report that affects direct
10 spending as that term is defined by, and interpreted
11 for purposes of, the Balanced Budget and Emer-
12 gency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

13 (4) EXCLUSION.—For purposes of this sub-
14 section, the terms “direct-spending legislation” and
15 “revenue legislation” do not include—

16 (A) any concurrent resolution on the budg-
17 et; or

18 (B) any provision of legislation that affects
19 the full funding of, and continuation of, the de-
20 posit insurance guarantee commitment in effect
21 on the date of enactment of the Budget En-
22 forcement Act of 1990.

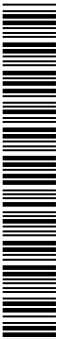
23 (5) BASELINE.—Estimates prepared pursuant
24 to this section shall—



1 (A) use the baseline surplus or deficit used
2 for the most recently adopted concurrent resolu-
3 tion on the budget as adjusted for any changes
4 in revenues or direct spending assumed by such
5 resolution; and

6 (B) be calculated under the requirements
7 of subsections (b) through (d) of section 257 of
8 the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit
9 Control Act of 1985 for fiscal years beyond
10 those covered by that concurrent resolution on
11 the budget.

12 (6) PRIOR SURPLUS.—If direct spending or rev-
13 enue legislation increases the on-budget deficit or
14 causes an on-budget deficit when taken individually,
15 it must also increase the on-budget deficit or cause
16 an on-budget deficit when taken together with all di-
17 rect spending and revenue legislation enacted since
18 the beginning of the calendar year not accounted for
19 in the baseline under paragraph (5)(A), except that
20 direct spending or revenue effects resulting in net
21 deficit reduction enacted pursuant to reconciliation
22 instructions since the beginning of that same cal-
23 endar year shall not be available.



1 (b) WAIVER.—This section may be waived or sus-
2 pended in the Senate only by the affirmative vote of three-
3 fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

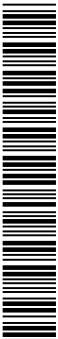
4 (c) APPEALS.—Appeals in the Senate from the deci-
5 sions of the Chair relating to any provision of this section
6 shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between,
7 and controlled by, the appellant and the manager of the
8 bill or joint resolution, as the case may be. An affirmative
9 vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly
10 chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal
11 of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under
12 this section.

13 (d) DETERMINATION OF BUDGET LEVELS.—For
14 purposes of this section, the levels of new budget author-
15 ity, outlays, and revenues for a fiscal year shall be deter-
16 mined on the basis of estimates made by the Committee
17 on the Budget of the Senate.

18 (e) SUNSET.—This section shall expire on September
19 30, 2008.

20 **SEC. 506. COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 13301 OF THE BUDG-**
21 **ET ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1990.**

22 (a) IN GENERAL.—In the House, notwithstanding
23 section 302(a)(1) of the Congressional Budget Act of
24 1974 and section 13301 of the Budget Enforcement Act
25 of 1990, the joint explanatory statement accompanying



1 the conference report on any concurrent resolution on the
2 budget shall include in its allocation under section 302(a)
3 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to the Committee
4 on Appropriations amounts for the discretionary adminis-
5 trative expenses of the Social Security Administration.

6 (b) SPECIAL RULE.—In the House, except as pro-
7 vided by section 401(a), for purposes of applying section
8 302(f) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, estimates
9 of the level of total new budget authority and total outlays
10 provided by a measure shall include any discretionary
11 amounts provided for the Social Security Administration.

12 **SEC. 507. APPLICATION AND EFFECT OF CHANGES IN ALLO-**
13 **CATIONS AND AGGREGATES.**

14 (a) APPLICATION.—Any adjustments of allocations
15 and aggregates made pursuant to this resolution shall—

16 (1) apply while that measure is under consider-
17 ation;

18 (2) take effect upon the enactment of that
19 measure; and

20 (3) be published in the Congressional Record as
21 soon as practicable.

22 (b) EFFECT OF CHANGED ALLOCATIONS AND AG-
23 GREGATES.—Revised allocations and aggregates resulting
24 from these adjustments shall be considered for the pur-



1 poses of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as alloca-
2 tions and aggregates contained in this resolution.

3 (c) BUDGET COMMITTEE DETERMINATIONS.—For
4 purposes of this resolution—

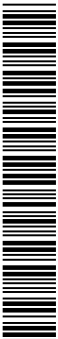
5 (1) the levels of new budget authority, outlays,
6 direct spending, new entitlement authority, revenues,
7 deficits, and surpluses for a fiscal year or period of
8 fiscal years shall be determined on the basis of esti-
9 mates made by the appropriate Committee on the
10 Budget; and

11 (2) such chairman may make any other nec-
12 essary adjustments to such levels to carry out this
13 resolution.

14 (d) ENFORCEMENT IN THE HOUSE.—In the House,
15 for the purpose of enforcing this concurrent resolution,
16 sections 302(f) and 311(a) of the Congressional Budget
17 Act of 1974 shall apply to fiscal year 2004 and the total
18 for fiscal year 2004 and the four ensuing fiscal years.

19 **SEC. 508. ADJUSTMENTS TO REFLECT CHANGES IN CON-**
20 **CEPTS AND DEFINITIONS.**

21 In the House or in the Senate, upon the enactment
22 of a bill or joint resolution providing for a change in con-
23 cepts or definitions, the appropriate chairman of the Com-
24 mittee on the Budget shall make adjustments to the levels
25 and allocations in this resolution in accordance with sec-



1 tion 251(b) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Def-
2 icit Control Act of 1985 (as in effect prior to September
3 30, 2002).

4 **TITLE VI—SENSE OF THE** 5 **SENATE**

6 **SEC. 601. SENSE OF THE SENATE ON FEDERAL EMPLOYEE** 7 **PAY.**

8 It is the sense of the Senate that rates of compensa-
9 tion for civilian employees of the United States should be
10 adjusted at the same time, and in the same proportion,
11 as are rates of compensation for members of the uni-
12 formed services.

13 **SEC. 602. SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING PELL** 14 **GRANTS.**

15 It is the sense of the Senate that the levels in this
16 resolution assume that within the discretionary allocation
17 provided to the Committee on Appropriations the max-
18 imum Pell Grant award should be raised to the maximum
19 extent practicable.

20 **SEC. 603. SENSE OF THE SENATE ON EMERGENCY AND DIS-** 21 **ASTER ASSISTANCE FOR LIVESTOCK AND AG-** 22 **RICULTURE PRODUCERS.**

23 It is the sense of the Senate that the Senate develop
24 a long-term drought plan that effectively recognizes the
25 recurring nature of drought cycles and adequately sup-



1 ports emergency and disaster assistance to livestock and
2 agricultural producers hurt by drought and that the Sen-
3 ate establish an agricultural reserve to fund these activi-
4 ties.

5 **SEC. 604. SOCIAL SECURITY RESTRUCTURING.**

6 It is the sense of the Senate that—

7 (1) the President, the Congress and the Amer-
8 ican people (including seniors, workers, women, mi-
9 norities, and disabled persons) should work together
10 at the earliest opportunity to enact legislation to
11 achieve a solvent and permanently sustainable Social
12 Security system; and

13 (2) Social Security reform must—

14 (A) protect current and near retirees from
15 any changes to Social Security benefits;

16 (B) reduce the pressure on future tax-
17 payers and on other budgetary priorities;

18 (C) provide benefit levels that adequately
19 reflect individual contributions to the Social Se-
20 curity System; and

21 (D) preserve and strengthen the safety net
22 for vulnerable populations, including the dis-
23 abled and survivors.



1 **SEC. 605. SENSE OF THE SENATE CONCERNING STATE FIS-**
2 **CAL RELIEF.**

3 It is the Sense of the Senate that the functional totals
4 in this resolution assume that any legislation enacted to
5 provide economic growth for the United States should in-
6 clude not less than \$30,000,000,000 for State fiscal relief
7 over the next 18 months (of which at least half should
8 be provided through a temporary increase in the Federal
9 medical assistance percentage (FMAP)).

10 **SEC. 606. FEDERAL AGENCY REVIEW COMMISSION.**

11 It is the sense of the Senate that a commission should
12 be established to review Federal domestic agencies, and
13 programs within such agencies, with the express purpose
14 of providing Congress with recommendations, and legisla-
15 tion to implement those recommendations, to realign or
16 eliminate government agencies and programs that are du-
17 plicative, wasteful, inefficient, outdated, or irrelevant, or
18 have failed to accomplish their intended purpose.

19 **SEC. 607. SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING HIGHWAY**
20 **SPENDING.**

21 (a) FINDINGS.—The Senate makes the following
22 findings:

23 (1) Highway construction funding should in-
24 crease over current levels.



(2) The Senate Budget Committee-passed budget resolution increases highway funding above the President's request.

(3) All vehicles, whether they are operated by gasoline, gasohol, or electricity, do damage to our highways.

(4) As set out in TEA-21, the direct relationship between excise taxes and highway spending makes sense and should be maintained.

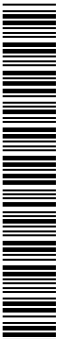
(5) Highways should be funded through user fees such as excise taxes and not through the General Fund of the Treasury.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that the Senate should only consider legislation that increases highway spending if such legislation changes highway user fees to pay for such increased spending.

18 SEC. 608. SENSE OF THE SENATE ON REPORTS ON LIABIL-
19 ITIES AND FUTURE COSTS.

20 It is the sense of the Senate that the Congressional
21 Budget Office shall consult with the Committee on the
22 Budget of the Senate in order to prepare a report
23 containing—

24 (1) an estimate of the unfunded liabilities of the
25 Federal Government;



1 (2) an estimate of the contingent liabilities of
2 Federal programs; and

3 (3) an accrual-based estimate of the current
4 and future costs of Federal programs.

5 **SEC. 609. SENSE OF THE SENATE CONCERNING AN EXPAN-**
6 **SION IN HEALTH CARE COVERAGE.**

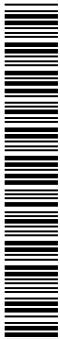
7 It is the sense of the Senate that the functional totals
8 in this resolution assume that—

9 (1) expanded access to health care coverage
10 throughout the United States is a top priority for
11 national policymaking; and

12 (2) to the extent that additional funds are made
13 available, a significant portion of such funds should
14 be dedicated to expanding access to health care cov-
15 erage so that fewer individuals are uninsured and
16 fewer individuals are likely to become uninsured.

17 **SEC. 610. SENSE OF THE SENATE CONCERNING PROGRAMS**
18 **OF THE CORPS OF ENGINEERS.**

19 It is the sense of the Senate that the Corps of Engi-
20 neers requires additional funding to perform its vital func-
21 tions and the budgetary totals in this resolution assume
22 that the level of funding provided for programs of the
23 Corps will not be reduced below current baseline spending
24 levels.



1 **SEC. 611. SENSE OF THE SENATE CONCERNING NATIVE**
2 **AMERICAN HEALTH.**

3 It is the sense of the Senate that Congress has recog-
4 nized the importance of Native American health. In 1997,
5 Congress enacted a program to spend \$30,000,000 a year
6 on research and treatment on diabetes in the Native
7 American community. This amount was increased to
8 \$100,000,000 a year in 2000 and further increased to
9 \$150,000,000 a year in 2002. This is a 500 percent in-
10 crease since 1997. This priority focuses on prevention and
11 treatment for a major disease in the Native American
12 community.

13 **SEC. 612. SENSE OF THE SENATE ON PROVIDING TAX AND**
14 **OTHER INCENTIVES TO REVITALIZE RURAL**
15 **AMERICA.**

16 It is the sense of the Senate that if tax relief meas-
17 ures are enacted in accordance with the assumptions in
18 the budget resolution in this session of Congress, such leg-
19 islation should include incentives to help rural commu-
20 nities attract individuals to live and work and start and
21 grow a business in those communities.

22 **SEC. 613. SENSE OF THE SENATE CONCERNING CHILDREN'S**
23 **GRADUATE MEDICAL EDUCATION.**

24 It is the sense of the Senate that, for fiscal year
25 2004, children's graduate medical education should be
26 funded at \$305,000,000.



1 **SEC. 614. SENSE OF THE SENATE ON FUNDING FOR CRIMI-**
2 **NAL JUSTICE.**

3 It is the sense of the Senate that the funding levels
4 in this resolution assume that the programs authorized
5 under the Crime Identification Technology Act of 1998
6 to improve the justice system will be fully funded at the
7 levels authorized for each of the fiscal years 2004 through
8 2007.

9 **SEC. 615. SENSE OF THE SENATE CONCERNING FUNDING**
10 **FOR DRUG TREATMENT PROGRAMS.**

11 It is the sense of the Senate that the functional totals
12 in this resolution assume that up to \$20,000,000 from
13 funds designated, but not obligated, for travel and admin-
14 istrative expenses, from drug interdiction activities should
15 be used for service-oriented targeted grants for the utiliza-
16 tion of substances that block the craving for heroin and
17 that are newly approved for such use by the Food and
18 Drug Administration.

19 **SEC. 616. SENSE OF SENATE CONCERNING FREE TRADE**
20 **AGREEMENT WITH THE UNITED KINGDOM.**

21 It is the sense of the Senate that the President should
22 negotiate a free trade agreement with the United King-
23 dom.

